

Urban Redevelopment Authority of Pittsburgh

(A Component Unit of the City of Pittsburgh)

Single Audit

December 31, 2015

MaherDuessel
Certified Public Accountants

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URBAN REDEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY OF PITTSBURGH

(A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE CITY OF PITTSBURGH)

SINGLE AUDIT

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

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URBAN REDEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY OF PITTSBURGH

(A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE CITY OF PITTSBURGH)

SINGLE AUDIT

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors
Urban Redevelopment Authority of Pittsburgh

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Urban Redevelopment Authority of Pittsburgh (URA), a component unit of the City of Pittsburgh, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the URA's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Pittsburgh Housing Development Corporation, the URA's discretely presented component unit. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Pittsburgh Housing Development Corporation, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the URA, as of December 31, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages i through vi be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the URA's basic financial statements. Supplementary information listed in the table of contents is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing

standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 28, 2016, on our consideration of the URA's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the URA's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Maher Duessel

Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania
April 28, 2016

Management's Discussion and Analysis

December 31, 2015

As management of the Urban Redevelopment Authority of Pittsburgh (the Authority), we offer readers of the Authority's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Authority for the year ended December 31, 2015. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the Authority's financial statements and footnotes.

Financial Highlights

- In the government-wide financial statements (page 1), Total Net Position was \$220.3 Million, of which \$41.0 Million represented net investment in capital assets, and \$136.4 Million was restricted by funding source or bond indenture. Of the \$42.9 Million unrestricted net position, \$13.2 Million represents property held for redevelopment under restrictions of the state redevelopment statutes and \$13.6 Million pertains to Board commitments for program funding gaps, bridge financing for projects, and property repairs and improvements in larger current projects.
- The Authority's total program revenues (page 2) were \$49.0 Million for the year, of which \$32.4 Million was operating grants, \$16.3 Million was charges for services, and \$0.3 Million was for operating grants. The charges for services consisted primarily of \$7.2 Million in repayments through lending programs, and \$7.8 Million earned through property management and rental income and \$1.3 Million in administrative fees.
- The fund balance for all governmental funds (page 3) totaled \$73.1 Million, a decrease of \$5.9 Million from 2014 (\$79.0 Million).
- Effective January 1, 2015, the Pittsburgh Technology Center Garage Fund and the South Side Works Garage Fund were created to account for activity of the Authority's owned and operated parking garages. This activity was previously reported in the Grants Fund.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Authority's basic financial statements are comprised of three parts: 1) Government-Wide Financial Statements, 2) Fund Financial Statements, and 3) Notes to the Basic Financial Statements. This report also contains supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Government-Wide Financial Statements (pages 1 and 2) present the financial picture of the Authority from the economic resources measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting. They include all assets and liabilities, including fixed assets and long-term debt. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash was received or paid. Additionally, certain eliminations have occurred in regards to interfund activity, payables and receivables. Governmental activities and business-type activities are presented separately, as well as the activities of the Authority's component unit, the Pittsburgh Housing Development Corporation.

Government-Wide Financial Statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. They report the Authority's net position and changes in them. Net position is the difference between assets and liabilities, which is one way to measure the Authority's financial position.

In the Statement of Position and Statement of Activities, the Authority's activities are separated as follows:

Governmental Activities – This category includes the Authority's General Fund and those development projects and programs primarily funded by federal, state, and local grants, including Community Development Block Grant funds and HOME funds.

Business-Type Activities – This category includes self-supporting activities such as the housing programs funded through tax-exempt and taxable revenue bonds, the Pittsburgh Development Fund loan program, and the Authority's owned-and-operated real estate enterprises – the Produce Terminal, Western Restoration Center, and garages at South Side Works and Pittsburgh Technology Center.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund Financial Statements begin on page 3 of this report and provide detailed information about the Authority's most significant funds – not the Authority as a whole. The Fund Financial Statements include statements for each of the two categories of activities – governmental and proprietary. Only the major funds are presented individually in the Fund Statements.

Governmental Funds – Governmental Funds focus on how money flows into and out of the funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These statements provide a detailed shorter-term view of the Authority's general operations. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Authority's programs and projects. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting that measures cash and all other financial assets that can

be readily converted to cash. Since this is a different accounting method than what is used in the Government-Wide Financial Statements, the differences between the two sets of financial statements are explained in a reconciliation following each Governmental Fund financial statement (pages 3 and 5).

Proprietary Funds – The Proprietary Funds (pages 6, 7 and 8) are the same funds included in “Business-Type Activities” in the Government-Wide statements. The accounting for the proprietary funds is the same as that of the business-type activities reported in the government-wide Financial Statements but provides more detail and additional information, such as cash flows.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE AUTHORITY

Our analysis below focuses on the net position of the Authority’s governmental and business-type activities.

Summary of Net Position

The Authority’s net position at December 31, 2015 and 2014 for governmental activities was approximately \$114.2 Million and \$144.7 Million, respectively. For the business-type activities, net position was approximately \$106.1 Million and \$77.6 Million, respectively.

	Governmental Activities		% Change	Business-type Activities		% Change
	2015	2014		2015	2014	
Assets:						
Current and other assets	\$126,544,775	\$159,887,183	-20.9%	\$97,143,432	\$89,980,608	8.0%
Capital assets	<u>13,204,423</u>	<u>41,241,450</u>	-68.0%	<u>31,903,211</u>	<u>4,436,804</u>	619.1%
Total assets	<u>\$139,749,198</u>	<u>\$201,128,633</u>	-30.5%	<u>\$129,046,643</u>	<u>\$94,417,412</u>	36.7%
Deferred outflows of resources	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	0.0%	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	0.0%
Liabilities:						
Current and other liabilities	\$11,406,904	\$32,723,111	-65.1%	\$1,738,271	\$1,412,491	23.1%
Long-term liabilities	<u>14,187,160</u>	<u>23,722,323</u>	-40.2%	<u>21,176,566</u>	<u>15,372,650</u>	37.8%
Total liabilities	<u>\$25,594,064</u>	<u>\$56,445,434</u>	-54.7%	<u>\$22,914,837</u>	<u>\$16,785,141</u>	36.5%
Net position:						
Net investment in capital assets	\$13,204,423	\$37,714,450	-65.0%	\$27,797,593	\$1,841,946	1409.1%
Restricted for urban development	45,160,802	51,467,547	-12.3%	-	-	0.0%
Restricted for lending programs	19,220,157	21,099,870	-8.9%	72,011,862	71,917,899	0.1%
Unrestricted	<u>36,569,752</u>	<u>34,401,332</u>	6.3%	<u>6,322,351</u>	<u>3,872,426</u>	63.3%
Total net position	<u>\$114,155,134</u>	<u>\$144,683,199</u>	-21.1%	<u>\$106,131,806</u>	<u>\$77,632,271</u>	36.7%

Restricted net position generally represents funds that have constraints on their use pursuant to grant agreements or bond indentures. In total, at December 31, 2015, assets of the governmental and business-type funds exceeded their liabilities by \$220.3 Million, \$41.0 Million of which represented the Authority’s net investment in capital assets and \$136.4 Million restricted by funding source or bond indenture. Of the \$42.9 Million Unrestricted Net Position, \$13.2 Million represents property held for redevelopment under restrictions of the state redevelopment statutes and \$13.6 Million

pertains to Board commitments for program funding gaps, bridge financing for projects, and property repairs and improvements in larger current projects.

Overall, governmental activities assets decreased by \$61.4 Million from 2014 primarily related to 1) decreases in capital assets due to the transfer of capital assets to the business-type activities upon the creation of the South Side Works Garage Fund and Pittsburgh Technology Center Garage Fund, 2) decreases in due from other governments due to the timing of grant reimbursements, and 3) reclassification of certain internal fronting activity previously reported as assets/liabilities to internal balances. Net Position decreased by \$30.5 Million which also primarily related to the transfer of capital assets net of debt from governmental activities to business-type activities.

The business-type activities total assets had an increase of \$34.6 Million from 2014. The total liabilities increased by \$6.1 Million. The majority of the increase in total assets related to the transfer of capital assets and related debt from governmental activities.

Our next analysis focuses on changes in net position of the Authority's governmental and business-type activities.

**Changes in Net Position
Year Ended December 31, 2015**

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>			<u>Business-type Activities</u>		
	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>		<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	
Program Revenues:						
Charges for services	\$8,232,537	\$11,154,938		\$8,027,979	\$5,367,354	
Operating grants	32,383,845	65,837,244		-	9,001,808	
Capital grants	-	-		291,000	-	
General Revenues:						
Unrestricted investment earnings	<u>56,091</u>	<u>58,213</u>		<u>208,535</u>	<u>279,889</u>	
Total revenues	<u>40,672,473</u>	<u>77,050,395</u>	-47.2%	<u>8,527,514</u>	<u>14,649,051</u>	-41.8%
Program expenses:						
Urban development	33,194,245	75,615,632		-	-	
General government	8,980,814	9,514,637		-	-	
Interest on long-term debt	509,756	1,006,378		-	-	
Lending programs	-	-		2,750,605	4,598,331	
Property management	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>		<u>5,793,097</u>	<u>2,682,745</u>	
Total expenses	<u>42,684,815</u>	<u>86,136,647</u>	-50.4%	<u>8,543,702</u>	<u>7,281,076</u>	17.3%
Change in net position before transfers	-2,012,342	-9,086,252		-16,188	7,367,975	
Transfers	<u>-28,515,723</u>	<u>455,000</u>		<u>28,515,723</u>	<u>-455,000</u>	
Change in net position after transfers	<u>\$-30,528,065</u>	<u>\$-8,631,252</u>		<u>\$28,499,535</u>	<u>\$6,912,975</u>	

Governmental Activities. Total revenues decreased by \$36.4 Million from 2014. The major variance in 2015 was \$33.5 Million decrease in Operating Grants primarily related to the Grants Fund. Grant revenue fluctuates by nature based on the status of current projects and funding patterns. Decreases from 2014 primarily relate to RACP grant activity, TIGER discretionary grants received for the East Liberty Transit Center Project, and Multifamily HUD programs.

In 2015, the cost of governmental activities decreased by \$43.4 Million from \$86.1 Million in 2014 to \$42.7 Million in 2015. This decrease in expenses is consistent with the decrease in revenue.

Business-Type Activities. The majority of the revenues for 2015 were for charges for services (\$8.0 Million), which includes funds financed by borrowers in the form of program interest income (\$1.9 Million in 2015; \$2.2 Million in 2014) and tenants of owned properties in the form of property management revenues (\$6.1 Million in 2015).

The cost of all proprietary (business-type) activities in 2015 was \$8.5 Million, as compared to \$7.3 Million in 2014, which represents an increase of \$1.2 Million (16.4%).

THE AUTHORITY'S FUNDS

As of December 31, 2015, the Authority's governmental funds reported total ending fund balances of \$73.1 Million, which represents a decrease of \$5.9 Million from the prior year (\$79.0 Million). Of the fund balance, \$45.2 Million was restricted to indicate that it is limited in use due to constraints on purpose and circumstances of spending that are legally enforceable by outside parties. Another \$13.6 Million has been committed for bridge funds for programs and projects, and property repairs and improvements. The overall decrease in fund balance in governmental funds related primarily to the transfer of garage related balances to proprietary funds.

Major Funds

The URA's General Fund fund balance of \$24.4 Million at December 31, 2015 represents an increase of \$0.2 Million from December 31, 2014 (\$24.2 Million).

The Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Fund accounts for CDBG grants passed through to the Authority from the City of Pittsburgh. The fund balance remained at approximately \$1.9 Million in 2015 and 2014.

The HOME Fund provides loans or grants for both housing rehabilitation and new construction. The fund balance was \$1.6 Million in 2014 and \$1.8 Million in 2015.

The Grants Fund accounts for various URA projects and programs not accounted for elsewhere. This activity includes grant programs, loan programs, and housing and business development projects. Some of the Authority's major development projects accounted for in this fund include Central Business District and East Liberty/Larimer. Of the \$31.0 Million of fund balance in this fund, \$30.7 Million is restricted for various urban development projects and programs.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM DEBT

Capital Assets

The Authority's investment in capital assets as of December 31, 2015 and 2014 equals \$13.2 Million and \$41.2 Million, respectively, (net of accumulated depreciation) for its governmental activities. Capital assets in business-type activities were \$31.9 Million and \$4.4 Million at December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively (net of accumulated depreciation). The capital assets increased in business-type activities and decreased in the governmental activities due to the transfer of parking garage assets between business-type activities and governmental activities.

Additional information on capital assets may be found in Note 5 of the Notes to Financial Statements.

Debt Administration

At December 31, 2015, the Authority had total long-term debt outstanding of \$37.1 Million. Approximately \$12.4 Million of proprietary fund bond debt is secured solely by specified revenue sources.

The outstanding debt was comprised primarily as follows: \$12.4 Million of Mortgage Revenue Bonds, which are comprised of various issues and rated Aa1 by Moody's; \$10.3 Million of bank loans; and HUD Section 108 loans in the amount of \$14 Million. Additional information on outstanding long-term liabilities may be found in Note 8 of the Notes to Financial Statements.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Authority's finances for all those with an interest in the Authority's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or request for additional financial information should be addressed to the Urban Redevelopment Authority of Pittsburgh, 200 Ross Street, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania 15219 or (412) 255-6675.

URBAN REDEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY OF PITTSBURGH

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

DECEMBER 31, 2015

	Primary Government			Component Unit
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Pittsburgh Housing Development Corporation
Assets				
Cash and investments	\$ 82,775,364	\$ 55,480,907	\$ 138,256,271	\$ 83,005
Due from other governments	6,876,574	-	6,876,574	-
Other receivables	206,958	409,356	616,314	16,840
Internal balances	(5,734,477)	5,734,477	-	-
Loans to component units	1,428,701	-	1,428,701	-
Loans receivable, net	26,691,456	35,518,692	62,210,148	1,600,000
Property held for redevelopment	13,200,199	-	13,200,199	2,567,925
Other assets	1,100,000	-	1,100,000	200
Capital assets:				
Non-depreciable	13,204,423	-	13,204,423	-
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation	-	31,903,211	31,903,211	-
Total Assets	\$ 139,749,198	\$ 129,046,643	\$ 268,795,841	\$ 4,267,970
Liabilities				
Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities	\$ 8,803,456	\$ 259,219	\$ 9,062,675	\$ 20,735
Unearned revenue	2,350,448	-	2,350,448	-
Loans payable to URA	-	-	-	1,428,701
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Due within one year	253,000	1,479,052	1,732,052	34,500
Due in more than one year	14,187,160	21,176,566	35,363,726	-
Total Liabilities	25,594,064	22,914,837	48,508,901	1,483,936
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	13,204,423	27,797,593	41,002,016	-
Restricted for urban development	45,160,802	-	45,160,802	-
Restricted for lending programs	19,220,157	72,011,862	91,232,019	-
Restricted for housing program	-	-	-	2,784,034
Unrestricted	36,569,752	6,322,351	42,892,103	-
Total Net Position	114,155,134	106,131,806	220,286,940	2,784,034
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$ 139,749,198	\$ 129,046,643	\$ 268,795,841	\$ 4,267,970

The notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

URBAN REDEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY OF PITTSBURGH

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

Functions/Programs	Program Revenues				Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position			Component Unit Pittsburgh Housing Development Corporation
	Direct Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants	Capital Grants	Primary Government			
					Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	
Primary Government:								
Governmental activities:								
Urban development	\$ 33,194,245	\$ 5,873,697	\$ 30,383,845	\$ -	\$ 3,063,297	\$ -	\$ 3,063,297	\$ -
General government	8,980,814	2,358,840	2,000,000	-	(4,621,974)	-	(4,621,974)	-
Interest on long-term debt	509,756	-	-	-	(509,756)	-	(509,756)	-
Total governmental activities	42,684,815	8,232,537	32,383,845	-	(2,068,433)	-	(2,068,433)	-
Business-type activities:								
Lending programs	2,750,605	1,933,550	-	-	-	(817,055)	(817,055)	-
Property management	5,793,097	6,094,429	-	291,000	-	592,332	592,332	-
Total business-type activities	8,543,702	8,027,979	-	291,000	-	(224,723)	(224,723)	-
Total primary government	\$ 51,228,517	\$ 16,260,516	\$ 32,383,845	\$ 291,000	(2,068,433)	(224,723)	(2,293,156)	-
Component Unit:								
Pittsburgh Housing Development Corporation	\$ 1,378,294	\$ 16,659	\$ 515,791	\$ -	-	-	-	(845,844)
General revenues:								
Investment earnings					56,091	208,535	264,626	-
Proceeds from sales of real estate					-	-	-	651,000
Transfers					(28,515,723)	28,515,723	-	-
Total general revenues and transfers					(28,459,632)	28,724,258	264,626	651,000
Change in Net Position					(30,528,065)	28,499,535	(2,028,530)	(194,844)
Net position - beginning					144,683,199	77,632,271	222,315,470	2,978,878
Net position - ending					\$ 114,155,134	\$ 106,131,806	\$ 220,286,940	\$ 2,784,034

The notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

URBAN REDEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY OF PITTSBURGH

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

DECEMBER 31, 2015

	General	Community Development Block Grant	UDAG	HOME	Grants	Totals
Assets						
Cash and investments	\$ 23,157,386	\$ 2,963,944	\$ 7,439,140	\$ 1,206,703	\$ 48,008,191	\$ 82,775,364
Receivables (net, where applicable, of allowance for uncollectibles):						
Loans	88,152	-	2,292,987	586,867	25,152,151	28,120,157
Other	205,630	-	-	-	1,328	206,958
Due from other funds	319,133	-	1,842,016	-	-	2,161,149
Due from other governmental units	-	179,667	-	681,139	6,015,768	6,876,574
Internal loans receivable	4,811,329	-	4,707,754	-	1,343,825	10,862,908
Property held for redevelopment	4,064,139	1,350,678	190,500	-	7,594,882	13,200,199
Total Assets	\$ 32,645,769	\$ 4,494,289	\$ 16,472,397	\$ 2,474,709	\$ 88,116,145	\$ 144,203,309
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balance						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities	\$ 1,952,588	\$ 29,541	\$ -	\$ 1,521	\$ 6,732,549	\$ 8,716,199
Due to other funds	-	1,231,685	-	124,985	2,520,066	3,876,736
Internal loans payable	-	-	-	-	14,881,798	14,881,798
Unearned revenue	2,102,986	-	-	-	247,462	2,350,448
Total Liabilities	4,055,574	1,261,226	-	126,506	24,381,875	29,825,181
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Unavailable revenue	4,152,291	1,350,678	2,483,487	586,867	32,747,033	41,320,356
Fund Balance:						
Restricted	-	337,982	13,988,910	161,336	30,672,574	45,160,802
Committed	10,500,000	1,544,403	-	1,600,000	-	13,644,403
Assigned	-	-	-	-	314,663	314,663
Unassigned	13,937,904	-	-	-	-	13,937,904
Total Fund Balance	24,437,904	1,882,385	13,988,910	1,761,336	30,987,237	73,057,772
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balance	\$ 32,645,769	\$ 4,494,289	\$ 16,472,397	\$ 2,474,709	\$ 88,116,145	\$ 144,203,309

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Fund balance	\$ 73,057,772
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	13,204,423
Other long-term assets such as loans and property held for redevelopment are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable in the funds.	42,420,356
An accrual for interest payable is not reflected within the funds.	(87,257)
Long-term liabilities, including compensated absences and loans payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(14,440,160)
Net position of governmental activities	<u>\$ 114,155,134</u>

The notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

URBAN REDEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY OF PITTSBURGH

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

	General	Community Development Block Grant	UDAG	HOME	Grants	Totals
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental	\$ 50,000	\$ 2,855,210	\$ -	\$ 1,239,303	\$ 28,239,332	\$ 32,383,845
Interest	7,498	373	3,014	197	45,009	56,091
Rental income	1,030,979	-	-	-	184,300	1,215,279
Loan repayments	2,164,578	-	1,695,229	607,224	6,993,274	11,460,305
Other	1,682,612	-	-	-	2,913,542	4,596,154
Total revenues	4,935,667	2,855,583	1,698,243	1,846,724	38,375,457	49,711,674
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Urban development	390,205	855,210	1,611,750	1,468,100	31,626,567	35,951,832
Administrative	4,049,242	2,000,000	38,105	227,418	1,625,711	7,940,476
Other	243,261	-	334	2,609	794,134	1,040,338
Debt service	-	-	-	-	2,839,907	2,839,907
Total expenditures	4,682,708	2,855,210	1,650,189	1,698,127	36,886,319	47,772,553
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	252,959	373	48,054	148,597	1,489,138	1,939,121
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in (out)	30,733	-	-	-	(7,960,142)	(7,929,409)
Net Change in Fund Balance	283,692	373	48,054	148,597	(6,471,004)	(5,990,288)
Fund Balance:						
Beginning of year	24,154,212	1,882,012	13,940,856	1,612,739	37,458,241	79,048,060
End of year	<u>\$ 24,437,904</u>	<u>\$ 1,882,385</u>	<u>\$ 13,988,910</u>	<u>\$ 1,761,336</u>	<u>\$ 30,987,237</u>	<u>\$ 73,057,772</u>

The notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

URBAN REDEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY OF PITTSBURGH

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (page 2) are different because:

Net change in fund balance - total governmental funds (page 4)	\$ (5,990,288)
<p>In governmental funds, the issuance of loans is a current expenditure while the repayment of loans, including principal and interest, is recognized as income when received. On the statement of activities, only the interest income is reported as current revenue. Also, the change in the allowance for doubtful accounts is shown as an increase or decrease in net position on the statement of activities while it has no effect on fund balance in the governmental funds. The net change in loans receivable is shown here.</p>	(1,879,713)
<p>The repayment of principal of long-term debt is reported as a reduction in the liability on the statement of net position. On the fund statements, this transaction is recorded as an expenditure.</p>	2,308,601
<p>The cost of property held for redevelopment is expended in the funds when purchased but capitalized in the statement of net position. The net change in property held for redevelopment is shown here.</p>	(4,422,812)
<p>Compensated absences and accrued interest payable are reflected as liabilities on the statement of net position, but are not included in the fund statements. The change in these liabilities is shown here.</p>	42,461
<p>The transfer of capital assets and related debt from governmental funds to business-type funds is not reflected in the fund statements</p>	<u>(20,586,314)</u>
Change in net position of governmental activities (page 2)	<u>\$ (30,528,065)</u>

The notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

URBAN REDEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY OF PITTSBURGH

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

DECEMBER 31, 2015

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds						Totals
	Mortgage Revenue Bond Program	Pittsburgh Development Fund	Lexington Technology Park Fund	Pittsburgh Technology Center Garage Fund	South Side Works Garage Fund	Other Enterprise Funds	
Assets							
Current assets:							
Cash and investments	\$ 18,052,060	\$ 29,102,783	\$ 434,149	\$ 1,619,603	\$ 4,320,672	\$ 1,951,640	\$ 55,480,907
Receivables, net	180,405	-	-	-	228,951	-	409,356
Due from other funds	-	1,525,218	-	-	398,701	107,967	2,031,886
Noncurrent assets:							
Loans receivable, net	8,439,687	21,936,239	-	-	4,215,862	926,904	35,518,692
Internal loans receivable	-	5,270,616	-	-	-	-	5,270,616
Capital assets, net of applicable accumulated depreciation	-	-	4,062,704	11,124,730	16,715,777	-	31,903,211
Total Assets	\$ 26,672,152	\$ 57,834,856	\$ 4,496,853	\$ 12,744,333	\$ 25,879,963	\$ 2,986,511	\$ 130,614,668
Liabilities							
Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities	\$ 145,146	\$ -	\$ 3,101	\$ -	\$ 84,672	\$ 26,300	\$ 259,219
Due to other funds	-	-	10,187	301,801	-	4,311	316,299
Bonds and loans payable	1,135,000	-	138,379	-	205,673	-	1,479,052
Noncurrent liabilities:							
Internal loans payable	-	-	-	-	1,251,726	-	1,251,726
Bonds and loans payable	11,215,000	-	2,328,254	-	7,633,312	-	21,176,566
Total Liabilities	\$ 12,495,146	\$ -	\$ 2,479,921	\$ 301,801	\$ 9,175,383	\$ 30,611	\$ 24,482,862
Net Position							
Net investment in capital assets	-	-	1,596,071	11,124,730	15,076,792	-	27,797,593
Restricted for lending programs	14,177,006	57,834,856	-	-	-	-	72,011,862
Unrestricted	-	-	420,861	1,317,802	1,627,788	2,955,900	6,322,351
Total Net Position	\$ 14,177,006	\$ 57,834,856	\$ 2,016,932	\$ 12,442,532	\$ 16,704,580	\$ 2,955,900	\$ 106,131,806
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$ 26,672,152	\$ 57,834,856	\$ 4,496,853	\$ 12,744,333	\$ 25,879,963	\$ 2,986,511	\$ 130,614,668

The notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

URBAN REDEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY OF PITTSBURGH

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds						Totals
	Mortgage Revenue Bond Program	Pittsburgh Development Fund	Lexington Technology Park Fund	Pittsburgh Technology Center Garage Fund	South Side Works Garage Fund	Other Enterprise Funds	
Operating Revenues:							
Program interest income	\$ 1,018,462	\$ 861,920	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 50,982	\$ 1,931,364
Property management revenues	-	-	2,228,238	764,933	2,866,300	234,958	6,094,429
Other	-	-	-	-	-	2,186	2,186
Total operating revenues	1,018,462	861,920	2,228,238	764,933	2,866,300	288,126	8,027,979
Operating Expenses:							
Originating lender service fees	45,124	-	-	-	-	10,539	55,663
Administrative expenses	313,128	115,234	50,000	86,000	314,000	250,000	1,128,362
Depreciation and amortization expense	-	-	390,951	377,995	575,034	-	1,343,980
Property management and improvements	-	-	1,772,213	299,260	1,303,427	200,054	3,574,954
Provision for uncollectible loans	-	608,245	-	-	-	469,541	1,077,786
Other	17,278	2,330	-	41,619	-	25,575	86,802
Total operating expenses	375,530	725,809	2,213,164	804,874	2,192,461	955,709	7,267,547
Operating Income (Loss)	642,932	136,111	15,074	(39,941)	673,839	(667,583)	760,432
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):							
Earnings on investments	179,541	28,990	-	-	-	4	208,535
Interest expense	(893,611)	-	(119,035)	-	(263,509)	-	(1,276,155)
Intergovernmental revenue	-	-	-	-	291,000	-	291,000
Net non-operating revenues (expenses)	(714,070)	28,990	(119,035)	-	27,491	4	(776,620)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenses Before Transfers	(71,138)	165,101	(103,961)	(39,941)	701,330	(667,579)	(16,188)
Transfers in (out)	-	-	-	12,482,473	16,003,250	30,000	28,515,723
Change in Net Position	(71,138)	165,101	(103,961)	12,442,532	16,704,580	(637,579)	28,499,535
Net Position:							
Beginning of year	14,248,144	57,669,755	2,120,893	-	-	3,593,479	77,632,271
End of year	\$ 14,177,006	\$ 57,834,856	\$ 2,016,932	\$ 12,442,532	\$ 16,704,580	\$ 2,955,900	\$ 106,131,806

The notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

URBAN REDEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY OF PITTSBURGH

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds						Totals
	Mortgage Revenue Bond Program	Pittsburgh Development Fund	Lexington Technology Park Fund	Pittsburgh Technology Center Garage Fund	South Side Works Garage Fund	Other Enterprise Funds	
	Cash Flows From Operating Activities:						
Receipts from tenants and users	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,228,238	\$ 764,933	\$ 2,637,349	\$ 234,958	\$ 5,865,478
Payments from borrowers	1,987,841	7,809,325	-	-	-	401,213	10,198,379
Loan disbursements to borrowers	-	(2,980,408)	-	-	-	-	(2,980,408)
Payments for property management and administrative services	(375,530)	(115,234)	(1,822,213)	(385,260)	(1,532,755)	(438,754)	(4,669,746)
Receipts from mortgage-backed securities	854,036	-	-	-	-	-	854,036
Other receipts (payments)	-	(2,330)	-	(41,619)	-	(33,928)	(77,877)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	<u>2,466,347</u>	<u>4,711,353</u>	<u>406,025</u>	<u>338,054</u>	<u>1,104,594</u>	<u>163,489</u>	<u>9,189,862</u>
Cash Flows From Non-Capital Financing Activities:							
Interest paid	(639,501)	-	-	-	-	-	(639,501)
Principal repayments-borrowings	(1,690,000)	-	-	-	-	-	(1,690,000)
Interfund receipts (payments)	-	-	-	1,281,549	7,772,686	30,000	9,084,235
Net cash provided by (used in) non-capital financing activities	<u>(2,329,501)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,281,549</u>	<u>7,772,686</u>	<u>30,000</u>	<u>6,754,734</u>
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities:							
Interest paid on capital related debt	-	-	(119,035)	-	(263,509)	-	(382,544)
Principal paid on capital related debt	-	-	(128,225)	-	(166,015)	-	(294,240)
Loan disbursement to borrowers	-	-	-	-	(3,661,575)	-	(3,661,575)
Capital grants received	-	-	-	-	291,000	-	291,000
Purchase of capital assets	-	-	(16,851)	-	(756,509)	-	(773,360)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital related financing activities	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(264,111)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(4,556,608)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(4,820,719)</u>
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:							
Purchase of investments	(2,548,887)	-	-	-	-	-	(2,548,887)
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments	2,680,417	-	-	-	-	-	2,680,417
Earnings on investments	179,541	28,990	-	-	-	4	208,535
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	<u>311,071</u>	<u>28,990</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>340,065</u>
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	<u>447,917</u>	<u>4,740,343</u>	<u>141,914</u>	<u>1,619,603</u>	<u>4,320,672</u>	<u>193,493</u>	<u>11,463,942</u>
Cash and Cash Equivalents:							
Beginning of year	11,214,432	24,362,440	292,235	-	-	1,758,147	37,627,254
End of year	<u>\$ 11,662,349</u>	<u>\$ 29,102,783</u>	<u>\$ 434,149</u>	<u>\$ 1,619,603</u>	<u>\$ 4,320,672</u>	<u>\$ 1,951,640</u>	<u>\$ 49,091,196</u>
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:							
Operating income (loss)	\$ 642,932	\$ 136,111	\$ 15,074	\$ (39,941)	\$ 673,839	\$ (667,583)	\$ 760,432
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:							
Depreciation and amortization	-	-	390,951	377,995	575,034	-	1,343,980
Provision for uncollectible loans receivable	(78,890)	608,245	-	-	-	469,541	998,896
Change in operating assets and liabilities:							
Loans issued	-	(2,980,408)	-	-	-	-	(2,980,408)
Loan repayments received	1,311,331	6,947,405	-	-	-	350,231	8,608,967
Mortgage-backed securities	682,324	-	-	-	-	-	682,324
Receivables	-	-	-	-	(228,951)	-	(228,951)
Other assets	(91,350)	-	-	-	-	-	(91,350)
Accounts payable	-	-	-	-	84,672	11,300	95,972
Total adjustments	<u>1,823,415</u>	<u>4,575,242</u>	<u>390,951</u>	<u>377,995</u>	<u>430,755</u>	<u>831,072</u>	<u>8,429,430</u>
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	<u>\$ 2,466,347</u>	<u>\$ 4,711,353</u>	<u>\$ 406,025</u>	<u>\$ 338,054</u>	<u>\$ 1,104,594</u>	<u>\$ 163,489</u>	<u>\$ 9,189,862</u>
Supplemental Information:							
Cash and investments	\$ 18,052,060	\$ 29,102,783	\$ 434,149	\$ 1,619,603	\$ 4,320,672	\$ 1,951,640	\$ 55,480,907
Investments not considered to be cash and cash equivalents	(6,389,711)	-	-	-	-	-	(6,389,711)
Cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$ 11,662,349</u>	<u>\$ 29,102,783</u>	<u>\$ 434,149</u>	<u>\$ 1,619,603</u>	<u>\$ 4,320,672</u>	<u>\$ 1,951,640</u>	<u>\$ 49,091,196</u>

Non-Cash Information:

During 2015, \$11,502,725 and \$9,083,589 of capital assets net of debt was transferred into the Pittsburgh Technology Center Garage Fund and South Side Works Garage Fund, respectively, from the Grants Fund.

The notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

URBAN REDEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY OF PITTSBURGH

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The Urban Redevelopment Authority of Pittsburgh (URA) was established in 1946 under the Pennsylvania Urban Redevelopment Law. The URA acquires and clears blighted property; initiates rebuilding with the private sector; negotiates with the federal, state, county, and local governments for public funds and facilities; and works to maintain and improve Pittsburgh neighborhoods and business districts. Funding for the URA projects and programs is obtained primarily through revenue bonds and intergovernmental grants.

The URA is considered to be a component unit of the City of Pittsburgh (City) as the Mayor of Pittsburgh appoints the Board of Directors of the URA and a financial benefit/burden relationship exists between the City and the URA.

The reporting entity of the URA includes the accounts of all URA operations as well as two entities that qualify as component units of the URA:

The URA appoints the Board of Directors of The Pittsburgh Housing Development Corporation (PHDC), non-profit corporation, and has the ability to impose its will upon the PHDC. The PHDC initiates, plans, finances, develops, and manages housing development throughout the City, with particular emphasis on activities in low- and moderate-income census tracts. This component unit is discretely presented on the government-wide statements.

The URA is the sole member of Pittsburgh Urban Initiatives (PUI), a limited liability company that serves and provides investment capital for low-income communities and low-income persons, consistent with the New Markets Tax Credit Program. This component unit is blended within the General Fund.

The component units operate on a fiscal year ending December 31. Separate financial statements and information for PHDC and PUI can be obtained through the Finance Department of the URA.

The Pittsburgh Economic and Industrial Development Corporation (PEIDC)

The URA provides administrative support to PEIDC. PEIDC is a non-profit corporation which was formed to formulate, implement, and promote commercial, industrial and other economic development goals, strategies, and projects in and for the City. The Board members are elected by the PEIDC membership. PEIDC is considered a related entity of the URA. Financial information is available for PEIDC at the URA's offices.

URBAN REDEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY OF PITTSBURGH

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

East Liberty Transit Revitalization Investment District Revitalization Authority (ELTRIDRA)

The URA provides administrative support to ELTRIDRA. ELTRIDRA is a governmental authority which was formed to manage the East Liberty Revitalization Investment District. ELTRIDRA's five member Board of Directors includes one representative from the URA and one representative each from the City, Pittsburgh Public Schools, Port Authority of Allegheny County, and Allegheny County. ELTRIDRA is considered a related entity of the URA. Financial information is available for ELTRIDRA at the URA's offices.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by intergovernmental grants, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for services. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from a legally separate *component unit* for which the primary government is financially responsible.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary funds. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the grantor have been met.

URBAN REDEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY OF PITTSBURGH

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures and expenditures related to compensated absences are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal, state, and local grants designated for payment of specific URA expenditures are recognized when the related expenditures are incurred. Interest earnings associated with the current fiscal period are considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current period. Any excess of grant-specific revenues or expenditures at year-end is recorded as unearned revenue or accounts receivable, respectively. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the URA.

The URA reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the URA's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except for those accounted for in another fund.

The *CDBG Fund* accounts for the URA's Community Development Block Grant program which provides grants and loans for economic development and housing in the City.

The *Urban Development Action Grant (UDAG) Fund* accounts for activities of a major loan and grant-making fund available for both small to large projects within the City that serve to attract new businesses, expand or retain existing businesses, and neighborhood housing development. The fund was established by the repayment of previous loans made from the program.

Through funding provided by the Department of Housing and Urban Development, the URA uses its *HOME Fund* to provide financial assistance specifically to meet the housing related needs of the City. HOME money is utilized for both rehabilitation and new construction through existing URA housing programs. Assistance may be in the form of loans or grants to individual borrowers or developers.

The *Grants Fund* accounts for various URA projects and programs not accounted for elsewhere. This activity includes grant programs, loan programs, and housing and business development projects.

URBAN REDEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY OF PITTSBURGH

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

Loan Programs – the URA offers a variety of loan products for real estate and business development and housing development.

Grant Programs - the URA receives various grants from state, federal, and local sources. Among them, the URA administers various Redevelopment Assistance Capital Program (RACP) grants for which the URA serves as a conduit between the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and a grant sub-awardee. The State Budget Office of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania administers the RACP program which is designed to fund projects that have regional impact such as job creation or increased tax base.

Some of the URA's major development projects accounted for include:

Central Business District - property acquisitions and sales in the downtown area in preparation for future development.

East Liberty/Larimer – development activities including housing, entertainment, restaurant, and other significant business activities.

Prior to 2015, the Grants Fund included activity now reported in the Southside Works Garage Fund and the Pittsburgh Technology Center Garage Fund.

The URA reports the following major proprietary funds:

The *Mortgage Revenue Bond Program* accounts for the issuance of tax-exempt bonds to finance below-market rate mortgages for the purchase and rehabilitation of residential property within the City.

The *Pittsburgh Development Fund* accounts for the activities of a major loan fund making funds available for large initiatives and projects within the City that serve to attract new businesses, expand and retain existing businesses, and encourage downtown, riverfront, infrastructure, housing, and neighborhood development. The fund was established by the issuance of redevelopment bonds which were repaid from a pledged portion of the City's RAD tax.

The *Lexington Technology Park Fund* accounts for the activities of URA-owned property that houses mixed-use light industrial facilities, the Allegheny County 911 facilities, and other County offices. It is located in the City's North Point Breeze neighborhood.

The *Pittsburgh Technology Center Garage Fund* accounts for parking garage operations which are owned and operated by the URA and located at The Pittsburgh Technology Center office park.

URBAN REDEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY OF PITTSBURGH

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

The *South Side Works Garage Fund* accounts for parking garage operations which are owned and operated by the URA and located at the South Side Works, a significant development on the City's South Side, including office, housing, entertainment, and recreation components.

The Pittsburgh Technology Center Garage Fund and the South Side Works Garage Fund were established as enterprise funds effective January 1, 2015. The activity was previously reported in the Grants Fund.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this rule are charges between the URA's governmental and business-type funds and its component units. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers for rents, property management services, interest on loans in its lending programs and investment interest earned which is to be used to further the programs, 2) operating grants, and 3) capital grants.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *non-operating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal on-going operations. The principal operating revenues of the URA's loan program enterprise funds (Mortgage Revenue Bond Program, Home Improvement Loan Program, and Pittsburgh Development Fund) are interest earned on loans and mortgage-backed securities and for the Lexington Technology Park Fund, Pittsburgh Technology Center Garage Fund, and South Side Works Garage Fund are property management revenues which include lease/rental income and parking income. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds include originating lender service fees, bad debt expenses, administrative expenses, depreciation expense on capital assets and property management and improvement costs. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the URA's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The URA's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Use of cash and cash equivalents is generally limited to the related programs.

URBAN REDEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY OF PITTSBURGH

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

Investments

Investments are recorded at fair value.

Interfund Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that is representative lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as either “due to/from other funds” or “internal loans receivable/payable.” Due to/from other funds is generally used to account for routine movements of cash between funds while internal loans receivable/payable represents a formal loan arrangement between funds. Internal fronting between funds are made when fully executed grant agreements are in place for reimbursement-type grants (the URA must pay the expense before receiving grant funds); board approval is required under URA policy.

Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as “internal balances.”

Loans Receivable

In the governmental funds, loans receivable are recognized when the loan is established for loans with terms of thirty years or less. In the governmental funds, the loan balances are fully offset by unavailable revenue as loan repayments are not considered to be available as current resources. Loans with amortization terms greater than thirty years or which are repayable on a contingent basis such as the sale of the property or completion of development are treated as grants for accounting purposes and recorded as expenditures when disbursed, or are fully reserved.

It is the URA's policy to provide for future losses on loans based on an evaluation of the current loan portfolio, current economic conditions, and such other factors which, in the URA's judgment, may impact collectability. At December 31, 2015, the total allowance for uncollectible loans in governmental funds, including those only repayable on a contingent basis and fully reserved at the time of issuance, was \$149 million.

In the proprietary funds, amortizing loans are recorded at their principal balance due less an allowance for uncollectible accounts. Proprietary fund allowances for uncollectible accounts are disclosed in Note 4.

Property Held for Redevelopment

Property held for redevelopment relates mainly to land and buildings held by the URA that is available for redevelopment. Depending on the nature of the redevelopment activity, the transfer of this property may consist of many forms: grant, subsidized or below-market sale,

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or an independent, market-based sale. This property is held at cost or estimated net realizable value, if less than cost, and is offset by unavailable revenue in the governmental funds, as this property is not considered to be available as current resources. Estimated net realizable value is calculated once plans or disposition agreements are in place to dispose of the property at less than cost. When assets are sold, the proceeds are either returned to the program to further its purposes or returned to the grantor agency that funded the original purchase.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, land improvements, and buildings are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the URA as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of three years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that does not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are expensed as incurred.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities would be included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed if the projects were financed. No capital assets were constructed using external, interest-bearing financing during 2015 in the URA's business-type funds; accordingly, no interest was capitalized.

Buildings and improvements are depreciated using the straight-line method. Buildings are assigned a useful life of 30-40 years and building improvements are amortized over 15 years or the remaining building life as of the year of completion.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt, and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Issuance costs are reported as current period costs in both the fund financial statements and government-wide financial statements.

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Compensated Absences

The URA's compensated absences consist of accumulated unpaid vacation pay and unpaid accumulated sick leave which can be converted to a termination benefit provided certain criteria are met.

Other Income

Included in other income on the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance is approximately \$1.6 million of charges for services and approximately \$2.8 million of land sale proceeds.

Urban Development Expenditures

Urban development expenditures include construction costs incurred for the creation of infrastructure assets on behalf of the City as part of various development projects. At certain points during the projects, the URA dedicates these infrastructure assets to the City. As the URA will not own or maintain the assets, these assets are not capitalized on the URA's financial statements.

Budgets

Formal legal budgetary accounting is not employed for the governmental funds of the URA. Budgetary control for the General Fund is achieved through management-designed analyses. Budgetary control for the Special Revenue Funds is achieved via compliance with grant agreements related to the special revenue activities. Accordingly, budget-to-actual statements are not presented.

Tax Increment Financing

The Authority is involved with Tax Increment Financing (TIF) transactions. As described in Note 9, the Authority has no obligation for repayment of such debt, and, accordingly, the debt has been excluded from the financial statements. To the extent TIF transactions involve proceeds available for use by the Authority; the related proceeds are recorded in special revenue funds.

Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

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Deferred Outflows / Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. The URA does not have any items that qualify for reporting as deferred outflows of resources.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The URA has only one type of item, which arises under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues related to long-term loans receivable and property held for redevelopment. This amount is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Classification of Net Position

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are required to report three components of net position:

- Net investment in capital assets – This component of net position consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and is reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted – This component of net position consists of constraints placed on net position use through external restrictions. The URA’s restricted net position is outlined on the statement of net position.
- Unrestricted – This component of net position consists of assets that do not meet the definition of “restricted” or “net investment in capital assets.”

Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance in categories based on the level of constraint placed upon the funds. The levels are as follows:

- Nonspendable – This category represents funds that are not in spendable form. As of December 31, 2015, the URA has no nonspendable fund balance.

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- Restricted – This category represents funds that are limited in use due to constraints on purpose and circumstances of spending that are legally enforceable by outside parties. This category includes funds that are restricted for specific expenditure under agreement with grantors. At December 31, 2015, the URA’s restricted fund balance related to various urban development projects and programs restricted primarily by grant agreements or other intergovernmental agreements.
- Committed – This category represents funds that are limited in use due to constraints on purpose and circumstances of spending imposed by the Board of Directors (Board) by resolution. Such a commitment is made via a Board resolution and must be made prior to the end of the fiscal year. Removal of this commitment also requires a Board resolution. As of December 31, 2015, the URA had committed fund balances of \$13.6 million for temporary funding for projects in advance of the Authority’s receipts of permanent financing.
- Assigned – This category represents intentions of the URA to use the funds for specific purposes. The authority to make assignments of fund balance may only be made by the Board and remains in place until the Board releases the assignments. The assignment cannot exceed the available spendable unassigned fund balance in any particular fund. Assigned fund balances as of December 31, 2015 represented funds assigned for housing development projects.
- Unassigned – This category includes the residual classification for the URA’s General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in other classifications.

The URA’s policy is to use funds in the order of the most restrictive to the least restrictive.

Pending Pronouncements

GASB has issued the following Statements, which will become effective in future years as shown below. Management has not yet determined the impact of these Statements on the URA’s financial statements:

GASB Statement No. 72, “*Fair Value Measurement and Application*,” effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2015 (the URA’s financial statements for the year ending December 31, 2016). This statement addresses accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements.

GASB Statement No. 76, “*Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments*,” effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2015

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(the URA's financial statements for the year ending December 31, 2016). This statement identifies the hierarchy of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), reduces this hierarchy to two categories of authoritative GAAP, and addresses the use of authoritative and nonauthoritative literature in the event that the accounting treatment for a transaction or other event is not specified within a source of authoritative GAAP. This statement supersedes Statement No. 55.

GASB Statement No. 77, "*Tax Abatement Disclosures*," effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015 (the URA's financial statements for the year ending December 31, 2016). This statement requires state and local governments for the first time to disclose information about tax abatement agreements, and is designed to provide financial statement users with essential information about these agreements and the impact that they have on a government's finances.

GASB Statement No. 80, "*Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units*," effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2016. This statement clarifies the financial statement presentation requirements for certain component units, amending Statement No. 14.

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The URA is authorized to make investments of the following types pursuant to the Redevelopment Act which requires investments meet a "reasonable man" standard. Under the URA's policy, authorized investments include (1) United States Treasury bills, (2) short-term obligations of the United States government or its agencies or instrumentalities, (3) deposits in savings accounts or time deposits or share accounts of institutions which are insured, (4) obligations of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or any of its agencies or instrumentalities or any political subdivision thereof, and (5) shares of an investment company registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, whose shares are registered under the Securities Act of 1933, provided that the investments of that company meet the criteria of (1) through (4) above.

The deposit and investment practices of the URA and its component unit adhere to statutory and contractual requirements and prudent business practice. Deposits of the governmental funds are either maintained in demand deposits or savings accounts, and certificates of deposit. There were no deposit or investment transactions during the year that were in violation of either the state statutes or the trust indentures.

GASB Statement No. 40, "*Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures*," requires disclosures related to the following deposit and investment risks: credit risk (including custodial credit risk and concentrations of credit risk), interest rate risk, and foreign currency risk. The

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following is a description of the URA's and their component unit's deposit and investment risks:

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the URA's deposits may not be returned to it. The URA does not have a formal policy for custodial credit risk. As of December 31, 2015, \$94,672,881 of the URA's bank balance of \$96,361,830 was exposed to custodial credit risk, which is collateralized in accordance with Act 72 of the Pennsylvania state legislature, which requires the institution to pool collateral for all governmental deposits and have the collateral held by an approved custodian in the institution's name. As of December 31, 2015, the carrying amounts of the URA's deposits were \$95,059,383.

As of December 31, 2015, none of the component unit's bank balance was exposed to custodial credit risk. As of December 31, 2015, the carrying amounts of the component unit's deposits were \$83,005.

In addition to the deposits noted above, included in the cash and investments were the following:

	Fair market value	Maturity in years						
		Less than 1 year	1-5 years	6-10 years	11-15 years	16-20 years	21-25 years	26 years
Money Market Funds	\$ 36,807,177	\$ 36,807,177	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
U.S. Treasury Bonds	2,977,880	-	1,364,430	1,613,450	-	-	-	-
Freddie Mac	551,584	-	-	-	-	-	34,670	516,914
GNMA	2,446,416	-	38,512	-	-	-	1,471,167	936,737
FNMA	413,831	-	-	130,591	-	-	168,100	115,140
Total	\$ 43,196,888	\$ 36,807,177	\$ 1,402,942	\$ 1,744,041	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,673,937	\$ 1,568,791

Interest Rate Risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair market value of the URA's investments. The URA's policy is to attempt to match its investments with anticipated cash flow requirements. Unless matched to specific cash flow requirements, the URA will not directly invest in securities maturing more than five years from the date of purchase or in accordance with state and local statutes and ordinances.

Certain investments are comprised of assets securitized in the secondary market from loans issued from the loan programs. The maturities noted in the table above reflect the final maturity of the respective security and does not take into consideration non-routine

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repayments on principal as it is not possible to forecast these repayments. It is management's intention to hold these securities until maturity. Interest rates on these investments are fixed and principal and interest repayments from these investments will be used to repay the related debt service.

Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The URA has an investment policy that limits its investment choices based on credit qualifications by investment type. As of December 31, 2015, the URA's investments in money market funds were rated AAA by Standard & Poor's. The Authority's investments in Freddie Mac, GNMA, and FNMA were not rated as of December 31, 2015.

Reconciliation of cash and investments to financial statements:

Cash and investment footnote:

Deposits	\$ 95,059,383
Investments	<u>43,196,888</u>
	<u>\$ 138,256,271</u>

Cash and investments per financial statements:

Governmental Funds	\$ 82,775,364
Proprietary Funds	<u>55,480,907</u>
	<u>\$ 138,256,271</u>

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3. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

Interfund receivables, payables, and transfers as of December 31, 2015 consisted of:

Fund	Internal Loans		Due to/from	
	Receivables	Payables	Receivables	Payables
Major Funds:				
General	\$ 4,811,329	\$ -	\$ 319,133	\$ -
Community Development Block Grant	-	-	-	1,231,685
UDAG	4,707,754	-	1,842,016	-
HOME	-	-	-	124,985
Grants	1,343,825	14,881,798	-	2,520,066
Pittsburgh Development Fund	5,270,616	-	1,525,218	-
Lexington Technology Park Fund	-	-	-	10,187
Pittsburgh Technology Park Garage Fund	-	-	-	301,801
South Side Works Garage Fund	-	1,251,726	398,701	-
Other Enterprise Fund	-	-	107,967	4,311
	<u>\$ 16,133,524</u>	<u>\$ 16,133,524</u>	<u>\$ 4,193,035</u>	<u>\$ 4,193,035</u>

Fund	Transfers In	Transfers Out
Major Funds:		
General	\$ 60,733	\$ 30,000
Grants	-	7,960,142
Pittsburgh Technology Center Garage	12,482,473	-
South Side Works Garage	16,003,250	-
Other Enterprise	30,000	-
	<u>28,576,456</u>	<u>7,990,142</u>
Transfer of capital assets and related debt from governmental activities to business-type activities	-	20,586,314
	<u>\$28,576,456</u>	<u>\$ 28,576,456</u>

Transfers between funds in 2015 primarily relate to the movement of activity from the Grants Fund to two newly created enterprise funds, the Pittsburgh Technology Center Garage Fund and the South Side Works Garage Fund.

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4. LOANS RECEIVABLE

Governmental funds report total loans receivable, net of allowance for uncollectible loans, of approximately \$28 million at December 31, 2015. The most significant of the governmental fund loans relates to the UDAG Program, HOME, and various loan programs funded by the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG). UDAG loans are made for business and housing development and also act as a bridge source for secured funding. HOME loans are made for both single and multifamily housing development. The CDBG loans are made to residential housing development as well as to businesses.

Loans receivable include \$1.4 million due from PHDC, the URA's discretely-presented component unit, as described at Note 8 and \$1.6 million due from PEIDC, a related entity.

Enterprise funds and component unit loans receivable from individual property-owners and enterprises within the City are reported net of any applicable allowances for uncollectible loans in the following funds at December 31, 2015:

<u>Enterprise Funds:</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Mortgage Revenue Bond Program, net of allowance of \$159,137	\$ 8,439,687
South Side Works Garage Fund, no allowance deemed necessary	4,215,862
Pittsburgh Development Fund, net of allowance of \$13.9 million	21,936,239
Other Enterprise: Home Improvement Loan Program, net of allowance of \$469,764	<u>926,904</u>
	<u>\$ 35,518,692</u>
<u>Component Unit:</u>	
Pittsburgh Housing Development Corporation	<u>\$ 1,600,000</u>

The Mortgage Revenue Bond Program provides below market rate mortgages for the purchase and rehabilitation of residential property. Funds to finance the mortgages have been provided principally through the issuance of tax-exempt bonds. The Home Improvement Loan program also finances the rehabilitation of residential housing. The Pittsburgh Development Fund loans were made to targeted and strategic commercial

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development ventures to encourage and expand economic development within the City. The Pittsburgh Development Fund loans receivable balance includes \$1.5 million in loans to ELTRIDRA, a related entity. The South Side Works Garage Fund loan amount represents a single loan to provide financing for the Open Hearth Garage in the South Side Works.

As of December 31, 2015, the URA had approved \$1.0 million of PDF loans to various borrowers. These loans will close and begin to be paid out to the borrowers in 2016. Additionally, there was \$3.6 million in remaining disbursements available to borrowers on closed PDF loans as of December 31, 2015.

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital Assets

Activity for the year was as follows for the URA's governmental activities:

	Balance at December 31, 2014	Additions	Reclassifications	Balance at December 31, 2015
Non-Depreciable Assets:				
Land and improvements	\$ 13,204,423	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 13,204,423
Depreciable Assets:				
Buildings	37,406,972	-	(37,406,972)	-
Less: accumulated depreciation	(9,369,945)	-	9,369,945	-
	<u>28,037,027</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(28,037,027)</u>	<u>-</u>
Governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 41,241,450</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (28,037,027)</u>	<u>\$ 13,204,423</u>

Business-Type Capital Assets

The business-type funds' capital assets are valued at cost less accumulated depreciation determined using the straight-line method. The capital assets are included in the Lexington Technology Park Fund, the Pittsburgh Technology Center Garage Fund, and the South Side Works Garage Fund, which reported depreciation expense of \$390,951, \$377,995, and \$575,034, respectively.

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A summary of capital asset activity in the Enterprise Funds is as follows:

	Balance at December 31, 2014	Additions	Reclassifications	Balance at December 31, 2015
Buildings and improvements	\$ 18,769,709	\$ 773,360	\$ 37,406,972	\$ 56,950,041
Less: accumulated depreciation	(14,332,905)	(1,343,980)	(9,369,945)	(25,046,830)
	<u>\$ 4,436,804</u>	<u>\$ (570,620)</u>	<u>\$ 28,037,027</u>	<u>\$ 31,903,211</u>

Reclassifications represent the transfer of capital assets from governmental activities to business-type activities related to the South Side Works Garage and Pittsburgh Technology Center Garage Funds.

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6. PROPERTY HELD FOR REDEVELOPMENT

The URA holds property for redevelopment which is valued at cost or net realizable value, if less than cost. A summary of the property held for redevelopment by project/neighborhood at December 31, 2015 is as follows:

<u>Valued at cost:</u>	<u>Number of properties</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Central Business District	67	\$ 884,786
62nd Street	2	2,100,500
Hill District	629	1,901,268
Chateau	90	1,275,473
Southside	19	842,479
Northside	19	511,495
Shadyside	2	468,752
Fairywood	34	428,512
Larimer	81	399,113
Homewood	186	385,566
Perry	48	278,484
Morningside	1	277,125
Troy Hill	7	200,007
Lawrenceville	13	180,633
East Allegheny	7	165,005
Other	582	492,849
	<u>1,787</u>	<u>10,792,047</u>
<u>Valued at Estimated Net Realizable Value:</u>		
Central Business District	1	2,250,000
South Side Works	34	158,152
	<u>35</u>	<u>2,408,152</u>
Total property held for redevelopment	<u>1,822</u>	<u>\$ 13,200,199</u>

The first section includes property held for redevelopment which is valued at cost, as there are no current plans or disposition agreements in place to dispose of the property at less than cost. However, an amount less than the recorded value may be realized in the future due to the purpose for the transfer of the asset.

The second section includes property held for redevelopment which is valued at estimated net realizable value based on management's estimate at December 31, 2015 because of the URA's active plan to dispose of these properties.

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7. DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN

The URA provides a defined contribution retirement plan covering all employees who have completed one year of service. This plan was amended effective March 14, 2013. The total contribution for any plan participant is 10% of their base salary. Participants who were employed on or after January 1, 1985, and were not participants in the URA Employee's Pension Trust on December 31, 1997, contribute 5% of their base salary and receive a matching contribution by the URA. Participants hired before January 1, 1985, or were participants in the URA Employees' Pension Trust on December 31, 1997 and became participants in this plan on January 1, 1998, make no contribution to the plan as the URA funds the entire 10% contribution. Employer contributions, net of forfeitures, for the year ended December 31, 2015 were \$313,604 and employee contributions were \$190,863.

Under the defined contribution plan, the participants become vested at 25% per year in the second year of service. Upon termination of employment, the non-vested portion of a participant's account is returned to the URA and credited against current expenses. Upon attainment of age 65, the participants become 100% vested regardless of the number of years of service.

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8. LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations of the URA for the year ended December 31, 2015:

	Balance at December 31, 2014	Reclassifications	Retirements	Balance at December 31, 2015
<u>Primary Government:</u>				
<i>Governmental:</i>				
Bank loans	\$ 8,183,601	\$ (8,005,000)	\$ 178,601	\$ -
HUD Section 108 loans	16,085,000	-	2,130,000	13,955,000
Compensated absences	506,071	-	20,911	485,160
Total Governmental Fund Debt	<u>24,774,672</u>	<u>(8,005,000)</u>	<u>2,329,512</u>	<u>14,440,160</u>
<i>Proprietary:</i>				
Mortgage Revenue Bond Program	14,040,000	-	1,690,000	12,350,000
Bank loan	2,594,858	8,005,000	294,240	10,305,618
Total Proprietary Fund Debt	<u>16,634,858</u>	<u>8,005,000</u>	<u>1,984,240</u>	<u>22,655,618</u>
Total Debt and Other Long-Term Obligations - Primary Government	<u>\$ 41,409,530</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 4,313,752</u>	<u>37,095,778</u>
<u>Component Unit:</u>				
Pittsburgh Housing Development Corporation:				
Loans payable to the URA	\$ 1,733,604	\$ -	\$ 304,903	1,428,701
Bank construction loans	237,220	-	202,720	34,500
Total Component Unit Debt	<u>\$ 1,970,824</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 507,623</u>	<u>1,463,201</u>
Total Debt and Other Long-Term Obligations - Reporting Entity				<u>\$ 38,558,979</u>

Proprietary Fund debt at December 31, 2015 is composed of the following individual issues:

Mortgage Revenue Bonds

The Mortgage Revenue Bond Program was created to provide below market rate mortgages for the purchase and rehabilitation of residential property within the City. The 2006 A, B, & C Series bonds, including various serial and term bonds, bear interest at rates from 4.05% to 4.85% and mature through 2036. At December 31, 2015, \$12,350,000 is outstanding. \$1,135,000 is due on these bonds in 2016.

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Bank Loan

The URA received a loan to finance renovations to the Lexington Technology Park buildings. The loan is fixed at an interest rate of 4.57%. At December 31, 2015, \$2,466,633 is outstanding. Final maturity is February 28, 2019. Monthly payments are based on a twenty-year amortization with a balloon payment due at maturity. \$138,379 is due on this loan in 2016.

During 2014, the URA received a bank loan totaling \$8,005,000. The proceeds of the loan were used to partially consolidate and refinance the debt on the South Side Works garages' loans and to provide financing for the Open Hearth Garage in the South Side Works. The loan is fixed at an interest rate of 3.83%. At December 31, 2015, \$7,838,985 is outstanding. Final maturity is January 1, 2025. Monthly payments are based on a 10-year amortization with a balloon payment due at maturity. \$205,673 is due on this loan in 2016.

General long-term debt loans payable are described below:

HUD Section 108 Loans

During 2008, the URA received two HUD Section 108 loans to provide funding for the Pittsburgh Technology Center. The first loan, in the original principal amount of \$3 million is for site improvements and streets and utilities relocation. The loan bears interest at 4.8% with semiannual principal and interest payments due February 1 and August 1. The loan matures on August 1, 2026. At December 31, 2015, \$2.373 million is outstanding. \$152,000 is due in 2016.

The second loan, in the original principal amount of \$2 million is for the construction of a 160-space parking condominium. The loan bears interest at 4.8% with semiannual principal and interest payments due February 1 and August 1. The loan matures on August 1, 2026. At December 31, 2015, \$1.582 million is outstanding. \$101,000 is due in 2016.

The 2008 loans are secured by future Community Development Block Grant grants, the pledged increment for the Pittsburgh Technology Center Tax Increment Financing District, and payments under the minimum payment agreement.

During 2009, the URA received a HUD Section 108 loan for the South Side Works Infrastructure Project, for an amount not to exceed \$4,000,000. \$3 million was drawn during 2009 representing interim financing, which was converted into permanent financing with HUD on June 17, 2010. The loan was paid off in the amount of \$1,893,000 during 2015.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

In 2010, the URA received a \$10,000,000 HUD Section 108 loan to provide funding for the East Liberty Portal Project (the Project). The loan bears interest at 3.30% and is interest only until maturity on August 1, 2019. The proceeds of the loan were used to provide a portion of the financing for the Project through certain qualified community development entities (CDEs). The loan is secured by a note receivable and a Pledge and assignment of CDE membership interest to URA which is expected to generate proceeds to repay the note receivable and HUD 108 loan once the property is sold. Additional collateral includes a partial personal guarantee from the developer and two pledged reserve accounts. The loan is also secured by the URA's future Community Development Block Grant grants. The note receivable bears interest at 5% and principal is due on August 1, 2018. Any excess of interest received on the note receivable over interest paid on the HUD 108 loan must be held in trust until the HUD 108 loan is repaid in full.

Annual debt service requirements on outstanding bonds and loans of the URA are as follows:

<u>Years</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2016	\$ 1,732,052	\$ 1,497,605	\$ 3,229,657
2017	1,178,527	1,429,723	2,608,250
2018	1,772,615	1,371,135	3,143,750
2019	13,560,494	1,558,201	15,118,695
2020	1,519,665	807,210	2,326,875
2021-2025	8,172,552	2,640,092	10,812,644
2026-2030	8,049,713	375,904	8,425,617
2031-2035	625,000	77,750	702,750
	<u>\$ 36,610,618</u>	<u>\$ 9,757,620</u>	<u>\$ 46,368,238</u>

Enterprise fund debt is payable from those respective funds. Governmental fund debt is payable from the Grants Fund.

Component unit debt consists of the following:

PHDC-URA Loans

PHDC had outstanding construction loans payable to the URA of \$1,428,701. The loans are non-interest bearing. The loans are due upon the sale of related project units but are not scheduled to mature past 2016. The loans are secured by a third lien position on real property and improvements.

URBAN REDEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY OF PITTSBURGH

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

PHDC-Bank Construction Loans

The PHDC had outstanding construction loans payable to banks of \$34,500. Interest accrues on the loans at rates that range from 4.00% to 4.25%. Loans are due on demand.

Future Maturities

Principal payments of \$1,463,201 for the component unit are classified as current as they are generally due upon sale of related property.

All interest expense on loans of the primary government and its component unit is reported as program expense as the borrowings are essential to the programs and the financial statements would be misleading to exclude these charges as direct expenses.

9. NO-COMMITMENT DEBT

The URA is involved in a number of debt transactions for which the URA issued debt in its name but retained no obligation for the repayment of the debt. The responsibility for repayment belongs either to the City, other taxing authorities, or to private borrowers. As of December 31, 2015, the aggregate amount of no-commitment debt outstanding was \$72 million. The amount is comprised of \$17 million Multi-Family Revenue Bonds and \$55 million Tax Increment Financing Bonds and Notes and Parking Tax Diversion (TIF debt).

Responsibility for repayment of the Multi-Family Revenue Bonds rests with private borrowers. TIF debt is repaid from incremental Allegheny County, City, and School District of the City tax revenues. Generally, third parties are responsible for the repayment of TIF debt to the extent incremental tax revenues are not sufficient to meet debt service requirements.

10. RISK MANAGEMENT

The URA is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not significantly exceeded commercial insurance coverage in the past. There were no significant changes in insurance coverage during the year.

URBAN REDEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY OF PITTSBURGH

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

11. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Grants

Grants received or receivable are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the state government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds.

Litigation

There are various matters of pending litigation in which the URA is involved. The URA believes it has meritorious defenses and intends to contest these matters. The amount of liability, if any, related to these matters is not subject to determination. Accordingly, the financial statements do not include any adjustment for possible effects of these cases.

Contract Commitments

At December 31, 2015, the URA had entered into contracts for professional services and construction totaling approximately \$3.6 million. There was committed: approximately \$1.3 million for the East Liberty project, approximately \$300,000 for the Downtown Preservation project, approximately \$500,000 for the South Side Works project, and the remaining contract commitments are for various smaller projects.

Arena Land Agreement

On September 11, 2014, the URA entered into a Comprehensive Option Agreement with the Sports & Exhibition Authority of Pittsburgh and Allegheny County (“SEA”) and Pittsburgh Arena Real Estate Redevelopment LP (“Redeveloper”) that replaced previous agreements regarding the redevelopment of the approximately 28 acre site comprised of the former Civic Arena and surrounding parking lots. Approximately 9 acres of the site is owned by the URA. The Redeveloper is entitled to an aggregate of \$15 million of credits which may be applied to the appraised value purchase price of any property on the site purchased during the term of the Option Agreement. The term of the Option Agreement expires on October 22, 2024, subject to certain extension provisions contained in the Option Agreement. As of December 31, 2015, the balance of credits was \$14.525 million. At the expiration of the Option Agreement term, any URA property on the site that was not purchased by the Redeveloper will remain with the URA, and the Redeveloper will be entitled to the amount of any unused credits, either as a lump sum payment from the URA and SEA or through the payment to the Redeveloper of parking revenues generated on any remaining portion of the site that is used as surface parking.

Supplementary Information

URBAN REDEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY OF PITTSBURGH

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - GRANT FUND - BY ACTIVITY

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

	Commercial Loan Repayments	Industrial Land Reserve	Landlord Loan Escrow Account	Grants	Loan Repayments	Major Development & Other	PNC TIF	Residential Land Reserve	Total
Revenues:									
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 25,369,834	\$ 325,238	\$ 2,017,624	\$ 526,636	\$ -	\$ 28,239,332
Interest	125	790	545	4,083	4,308	34,128	915	115	45,009
Rental income	18,000	-	-	-	-	166,300	-	-	184,300
Loan repayments	2,310,866	-	279,224	-	3,457,430	931,704	-	14,050	6,993,274
Other	146,457	80,855	(5,558)	16,747	2,391,388	221,388	-	62,265	2,913,542
Total revenues	2,475,448	81,645	274,211	25,390,664	6,178,364	3,371,144	527,551	76,430	38,375,457
Expenditures:									
Current:									
Urban development	1,246,594	218,292	570,698	23,871,153	2,838,636	2,877,401	-	3,793	31,626,567
Administrative	500,000	-	116,095	382,749	581,641	45,226	-	-	1,625,711
Other	81,721	10,991	5,026	208,892	7,984	479,464	56	-	794,134
Debt service	-	-	-	15,217	3,047	2,821,643	-	-	2,839,907
Total expenditures	1,828,315	229,283	691,819	24,478,011	3,431,308	6,223,734	56	3,793	36,886,319
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	647,133	(147,638)	(417,608)	912,653	2,747,056	(2,852,590)	527,495	72,637	1,489,138
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Transfers in (out)	1,251,726	-	450,000	(2,322,729)	239,012	(9,151,135)	1,572,984	-	(7,960,142)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 1,898,859	\$ (147,638)	\$ 32,392	\$ (1,410,076)	\$ 2,986,068	\$ (12,003,725)	\$ 2,100,479	\$ 72,637	\$ (6,471,004)

URBAN REDEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY OF PITTSBURGH

(A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE CITY OF PITTSBURGH)

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

<u>Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Project Title</u>	<u>Federal CFDA Number</u>	<u>Grantor Number or Pass-Through Grantor Number</u>	<u>Amount Passed Through to Subrecipients</u>	<u>Total Federal Expenditures</u>
<u>Urban Redevelopment Authority of Pittsburgh</u>				
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development:				
Multifamily Property Disposition	14.199	UPG04PA01328	\$ -	\$ 216,895
Passed Through the City of Pittsburgh:				
Home Investment Partnerships Program:				
Entitlement program	14.239	MC-42-0501	-	1,239,303
Program income	14.239		-	228,797
Subtotal - Home Investment Partnerships Program			-	1,468,100
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants:				
Entitlement program	14.218	MC-42-0103	-	2,855,211
Program income	14.218		-	2,332,377
Subtotal - Community Development Block Grants/ Entitlement Grants			-	5,187,588
Community Development Block Grants/State's Program and Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii	14.228	51356	-	16,606
U.S. Department of Economic Development:				
Investments for Public Works and Economic Development Facilities	11.300	EDA01 01-01-14185	-	146,647
U.S. Department of Transportation:				
National Infrastructure Investments: TIGER Discretionary Grants	20.933	PA-79-003	-	1,246,286
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 8,282,122</u>

See accompanying notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

URBAN REDEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY OF PITTSBURGH

(A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE CITY OF PITTSBURGH)

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the Urban Redevelopment Authority of Pittsburgh (URA) under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2015. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements of Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the URA, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the URA.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. The URA's federal awards made prior to December 26, 2014 are recognized following the cost principles in OMB Circular A-87, *Cost Principles for State, Local, and Indian Tribal Governments*. The URA's federal awards made subsequent to December 26, 2014 are recognized following the cost principles in the Uniform Guidance. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is based upon information provided by the various funding sources to the URA and other information available at the time this schedule was prepared. For the year ended December 31, 2015, the URA did not elect to use the 10% de minimus indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

**Urban Redevelopment Authority
of Pittsburgh**

(A Component Unit of the City of Pittsburgh)

Independent Auditor's Reports
Required by the Uniform Guidance

Year Ended December 31, 2015

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on
Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in
Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Board of Directors
Urban Redevelopment Authority of Pittsburgh

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Urban Redevelopment Authority of Pittsburgh (URA), a component unit of the City of Pittsburgh, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the URA's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 28, 2016.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the URA's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the URA's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the URA's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the URA's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the

Board of Directors
Urban Redevelopment Authority of Pittsburgh
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting
and on Compliance and Other Matters

determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mahe Duessel

Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania
April 28, 2016

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for the Major Program and on
Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Board of Directors
Urban Redevelopment Authority of Pittsburgh

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

We have audited the Urban Redevelopment Authority of Pittsburgh (URA), a component unit of the City of Pittsburgh's, compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the URA's major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2015. The URA's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for the URA's major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the URA's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the URA's compliance.

Opinion on the Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the URA complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2015.

Board of Directors
Urban Redevelopment Authority of Pittsburgh
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance
for the Major Program and on Internal Control
over Compliance

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the URA is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the URA's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on the major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for the major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the URA's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Maher Duessel

Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania
July 12, 2016

URBAN REDEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY OF PITTSBURGH

(A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE CITY OF PITTSBURGH)

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

I. Summary of Audit Results

1. Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified, prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

2. Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified? yes no

Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)?
 yes none reported

3. Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? yes no

4. Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified? yes no

Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)?
 yes none reported

5. Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified

6. Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR Section 200.516(a)? yes no

7. Major Programs:

CFDA Number(s)

Name of Federal Program or Cluster

14.218

Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants

8. Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$750,000

9. Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? yes no

II. Findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported in accordance with GAGAS.

No matters were reported.

III. Findings and questioned costs for federal awards.

No matters were reported.

URBAN REDEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY OF PITTSBURGH

(A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE CITY OF PITTSBURGH)

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

NONE